

INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

218. Child Health Profiles 2017



PUBLIC HEALTH
WARWICKSHIRE

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Source: <https://fingertips.phe.org.uk/profile-group/child-health/profile/child-health-overview/data#page/1> (published 7 March 2017)

Summary

Child Health Profiles, published by Public Health England, provide a snapshot of child health and wellbeing for each local authority in England using key health indicators, which enable comparison locally, regionally and nationally.

The profiles can be used to plan and commission evidence-based services based on local need and allow comparison in order to identify and learn from better performing areas.

The profiles provide:

- A snapshot of performance against 32 selected indicators compared with the rest of England.
- Analysis and key findings about the situation in each top level local authority.

A profile is available for each upper tier local authority in England. Each profile is available as a four-page pdf report which can be easily downloaded and printed. Profiles are also available online at local authority or Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) level and are updated as new data are released.

Detailed information (metadata) about the data used in Child Health Profiles is presented in the Indicator Guide which identifies how each indicator was created, where the data comes from, and what the public health and policy rationale is.

Key Facts – Warwickshire (indicators where significance has changed)

Indicator	Performance
Children in care immunisations	88.4% in 2016 performance improved and not significantly different to England average (87.2%). In 2015 performance at 84.8% was significantly worse than England (87.8%).
Children achieving a good level of development at the end of reception	71.0% in 2015/16 performance improved and significantly better than the England average (69.3%). In 2014/15 performance at 67.2% was not significantly different to England (66.3%).
16-18 year olds not in education, employment or training	4.4% in 2015 performance improved but not significantly different to the England average (4.2%). In 2014 performance at 5.1%

	was significantly worse than the England average (4.7%).
First time entrants to the youth justice system	314.8 per 100,000 in 2015 performance improved and significantly better than the England rate (368.6). In 2014, performance at 385.7 per 100,000 was not significantly different to England (409.1).
Family homelessness	2.0 per 1,000 in 2015/16 performance improved but not significantly different to the England average (1.9). In 2014/15 performance at 2.1 per 1,000 was significantly worse than the England average (1.8).
Children in care	68 per 10,000 in 2016 performance significantly worse than the England average (60.0). In 2015 performance at 61 per 10,000 was not significantly different to England (60.0).
Obese children (4-5 years)	8.3% in 2015/16 performance improved and significantly better than the England average (9.3%). In 2014/15 performance at 8.6% was not significantly different to England (9.1%).
Teenage mothers	0.6% in 2015/16 performance improved and significantly better than the England average (0.9%). In 2014/15 performance at 1.1% was not significantly different to England (0.9%).
A&E attendances (0-4 years)	578.1 per 1,000 in 2015/16 performance significantly better than the England average (587.9). In 2014/15 performance at 540.0 per 1,000 was not significantly different to England (540.5).
Hospital admissions as a result of self-harm (10-24 years)	510.7 per 100,000 in 2015/16 performance significantly worse than the England average (430.5). In 2014/15 performance at 430.6 per 100,000 was not significantly different to England (398.8).

NB: RAG ratings have been included where available